Books Noted

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BOOKS NOTED

SECURITY INTERESTS IN PERSONAL PROPERTY. By Grant Gilmore. Boston: Little, Brown and Company. 1965. 2 vol. Pp. xii, 1346. Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code is rapidly being enacted by the states. While it is not a complete statute on personal property security, it is comprehensive in scope. Article 9 is not designed to abolish the pre-Code law; on the contrary, because it is written in abbreviated form prior law must be used to interpret it. In addition to presenting a comprehensive analysis of Article 9, Professor Gilmore gives a detailed historical analysis of the pre-Code personal property security law, a necessity for an understanding of the shape and structure of Article 9. Problems not answered by Article 9 will have to be solved by legislative amendment and judicial decision. A knowledge of the prior law will be especially useful in this respect.

TO DO JUSTLY. By Florence E. Allen. Cleveland: Western Reserve University Press. 1965. Pp. ix, 201. $6.00. A long and distinguished career as a lawyer and a jurist is recorded in the autobiographical memoirs of the Honorable Florence E. Allen, the first woman to be appointed to the federal bench. Determined to become an attorney at a time when few law schools admitted women students, Judge Allen chronicles the excitement and struggle of the woman suffrage movement in which she played a key role. More significantly, To Do Justly describes the professional career of an outstanding American who began her career as an assistant prosecuting attorney in Cleveland, Ohio and who ultimately became a distinguished jurist in the United States Circuit Court.

MY PEOPLE IS THE ENEMY: AN AUTOBIOGRAPHICAL POLEMIC. By William Stringfellow. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc. 1964. Pp. vii, 149. $3.95. Mr. Stringfellow is a white attorney of Anglo-Saxon heritage who used his vocation in an effort to help and discipline individuals whose only misfortunes are that they are black and poor. The experience of working with and for the people of Harlem is candidly set forth in My People Is The Enemy. Mr. Stringfellow writes of the grave crises of racism and poverty confronting the country, and notes the failure of the American legal system to provide equal justice for the poor.

LAWYERS & JUDGES: THE ABA AND THE POLITICS OF JUDICIAL SELECTION. By Joel B. Grossman. New York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1965. Pp. xii, 221. $6.75. The American Bar Association (ABA) has its greatest impact on the process of selecting federal judges rather than on the types of judges chosen. Professor Grossman notes some of the reasons for the ABA's interest in the selection of federal judges, and examines its substantial efforts to influence the selections. In addition, he describes and explains the politics of the selection process, and considers the interaction of the President, the Attorney-General, the Senate, and the Bar. Moreover, Professor Grossman identifies the goals of each of the foregoing parties and discusses their modus operandi.

iation of a personal injury case is a means of achieving a fair disposition of the case without incurring the expenses of the litigation process. The techniques and strategies which can be utilized in the process of negotiation and settlement are explored in *Better Settlements Through Leverage*. Mr. Hermann demonstrates the use of leverage to obtain a quicker and more advantageous settlement. By employing the psychological approach to settlement negotiation and combining this with common sense and ordinary principles of human conduct, reactions, and emotions, there is presented a tool which should be highly useful to the negotiating attorney. In addition, Mr. Hermann points out economic factors which should be considered by the plaintiff, the defendant, and their attorneys.