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8-5-1981

Volume 18 (Part 3)

District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division

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CLEMENT T. LOSHING resumed the stand and testified further as follows:

THE COURT:

You may proceed,

Mr. Norris.

- CROSS-EXAMINATION OF CLEMENT T. LOSHING {Resumed}

BY MR. NORRIS:

- Mr. Loshing, before we leave 2531, -- do you still have that in front of you?
- A Yes, I do.
- Address your attention to the second -- the first subobjective dealing with the matter of rates.

 It's on page 2 of that exhibit.

{After an interval.}

- A Yes I see that.
- The first sentence, "To persuade the administration and Council to increase MELP rates at least & percent."

' Why would the --

{Mr. Lansdale rises from his chair.}

THE COURT:

Sustain the objection.

Mr. Norris, this is the very thing that we have been discussing all morning.

Please approach the bench.

{The following proceedings were had at the hench:}

THE COURT:

State your objection.

MR. LANSDALE:

My objection is, in

place of asking a substantive question of these witnesses, he is reading them the paper.

THE COURT:

Why don't you ask him

the question?

Let's proceed in the proper fashion, please. {End of bench conference.}

BY MR. NORRIS:

- Mr. Loshing, would pursuading administration and Council to increase MELP rates by & percent contribute to the accomplishment of the overall MELP objective of acquiring and eliminating MELP?
- A Yes.
- Q In what way?
- A It would narrow one of the advantages that they have the differential in rates brought about by a subsidy.
- Q Would you agree that if the Muny rates were increased to the CEI level, that that would result in a movement

of customers away from Muny Light towards CEI?

- A It could help, yes.
- Mr. Loshing, would the opposition to a street light rate increase for Muny Light contribute to the accomplishment of the MELP objective?
- A Which MELP objective?
- The MELP objective that I referred to is what you testified to, sir, and it is reflected on page 2 of PTX-2631, to acquire and eliminate MELP?

MR. LANSDALE: Object, if your Honor please; that's not the statement.

THE COURT; Mr. Lansdale, if you have an objection, just say "I do have an objection," and come up here and tell me about it.

{The following proceedings were had at the bench:}

MR. LANSDALE: My objection is that this witness said that if it is the proper distinction that the objective was to neutralize MELP activities, he has not adopted Mr. Norris's continuous suggestion of reading of the title of this document. That is the first objection.

The second objection is that this is clearly

in`the Noerr-Pennington area of appealing to the
City Council.

MR. NORRIS:

This is not a

Noerr-Pennington subject if it ever got to City

Council. Even at this point when it was -- and

we argue it was not Noerr-Pennington; but

assuming arguendo you got that in front of counsel,

even assuming arguendo that that would be

Noerr-Pennington within the internal confines of

the company, talking about why they should oppose

street light rate increase, and I direct your

attention to page 3, your Honor, right here

{indicating}.

THE COURT:

Oh; yes; that clearly --

Read the question back.

MR. NORRIS:

-- could not be.

(The question was read by the reporter as follows:

The MELP objective that I referred to is what you testified to sir and it is reflected on page 2 of PTX-2631, to acquire and eliminate MELP?"

THE COURT:

Read the previous

question.

{The record was read by the reporter as follows:

"Q Mr. Loshing, would the opposition to a street light rate increase for Muny Light contribute to the accomplishment of the MELP objective?"}

"A Which MELP objective?

The MELP objective that I referred to is what you testified to sir and it is reflected on page 2 of PTX-2531, to acquire and eliminate MELP?"}

THE COURT:

It's a proper question.

You may proceed.

MR. LANSDALE: By the way I'm

informed that Mr. Dobler is in town.

THE COURT:

Yes.

{End of bench conference.}

THE COURT:

You may answer the

question.

THE WITNESS: May I have the

question read back, please?

THE COURT:

Read the question back.

(The record was read by the reporter as

follows:

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Mr. Loshing, would the opposition to a street light rate increase for Muny Light contribute to the accomplishment of the MELP objective?

"A Which MELP objective?

The MELP objective that I referred to is what you testified to sir and it is reflected on page 2 of PTX-2631, to acquire and eliminate MELP?"}

A I did not testify to that objective.

MR. NORRIS: I request that the witness be asked to answer the question.

A I think I just did.

THE COURT:

I think he said that he didn't testify to that objective. You may ask another question.

BY MR. NORRIS:

- Q If Muny Light received fewer revenues from the street light sources from the City's General Fund, would that have a tendency to reduce Muny Light's cash flow?
- A Yes.
- Q Did CEI have an interest in increasing the financial pressure on Muny Light?

1 Loshing - cross Yes, for not relieving the self-induced burden. Read the question THE COURT: and answer. {Record read.} 6 THE COURT: He answered the question. What steps did CEI take to increase financial burdens 8 on Muny Light? By limiting the alacrity with which they would help 0 them out of their self-induced problems. What problems are you referring to that would be 3 self-induced problems? Mismanagement, and there is a whole bevy of actions and activities and inactivities. Did the attempt by CEI to increase the financial pressure on Muny Light have anything to do with creating what you are calling mismanagement? We did not speed up to help them out of their own problems. Well, isn't it a fact that you would oppose anything Q that would tend to relieve the financial crisis facing

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MR. LANSDALE:

Objection, if your

Honor please.

Muny Light?

THE COURT: Sustain the objection.

Come up to the bench and put it on the record.

{The following proceedings were had at the bench:}

MR. LANSDALE: My objection is that

I submit that there has to be something more particular than "oppose." After all, Muny Light is into part of the City of Cleveland, and we have a right to speak our piece.

"Oppose" is a word that requires more information and more definition, and I think the question is indefinite.

"Did you get down to City Hall and make opposition in City Council," it would be clearly an objectionable question, and if he says "oppose"

I don't know how in the world we would oppose anything that Muny Light did other than by exercising persuasion on the City of Cleveland; and this is clearly a permitted activity.

THE COURT:

Mr. Norris.

MR. NORRIS:

First, may I have the

question back.

{Pending question read.}

MR. LANSDALE: The only problem is the witness says they are refrained from doing something, and counsel keeps putting it in this active sense.

THE COURT: It appears to me that

r the question is merely a different form of a previous question. Go back and read the record.

{Record read.}

THE COURT:

He answered the question, and the form of your last question, did CEI do anything -- sustained as to form.

{End of bench conference.}

BY MR. NORRIS:

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- @ Mr. Loshing addressing your attention to page 4 of 263% do you see subobjective 2 there?
- A Yes. I see the report on the page, yes, sir.
- If Muny Light were to buy three gas turbines in the 1969 and 1970 period, the capital expenditures for those turbines would become an obligation either of the City or of Muny Light? Would you accept that as a fair statement?
- A Yes.

- And it would depend on what kind of bonds were issued for those gas turbines as to whether the revenues of Muny Light had to carry the debt service or the general fund or some other portion of the City had to carry it; is that fair?
- A Ignoring the propriety of who should carry it; yes.
- And do you have an opinion about the propriety of who should carry the debt service for three gas turbines brought by Muny Light?
- A The Municipal Light Plant or the rate payers thereof.
- Q Isn't it a question for City Council to determine?
- A I am not a lawyer. I have no idea of how the management --
- Well, if City Council were to determine that the general funds should carry that debt service, would you say that City Council was in error?
- A Economically or legally? Your question -- I want to answer your question, but --
- Q You used the term "propriety."
- A Yes:
- And so I am asking you to answer my question in whatever sense you used the term "propriety."
- I go back to the testimony of a half hour ago where I gave my interpretation of what I thought the MELP

objective was, and the MELP objective of CEI was to neutralize the Municipal Light Plant as a competitor and take the tax advantages that they had and distribute them in some appropriate manner to all the taxpayers of the City of Cleveland; and that is the basis of what I considered the "propriety" of who should be bearing the burden of capital cost to supply electricity to a select segment of the City of Cleveland.

- So if City Council did say in an ordinance that the debt service on three gas turbines should be borne by the General Fund, you would simply say that they were in error; is that correct?
- A From my viewpoint, yes, with respect to economic burden.
- @ Thank you.

Now, supposing the capital expenditure was

A Yes.

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- and supposing the debt service had to come from Muny Light's revenue, would that tend to increase the financial burden on Muny Light?
- A Not necessarily.
- And wherein might it not tend to create additional burden on Muny Light?

- If it we're a prudent investment, it would have paid for itself, so that savings either in reliability or the ability to perform, would have been enough or more than enough to pay the indebtedness that was incurred to get the system back on track.
- You made quite a study of Muny Light's financial operation over the years, didn't you?
- A "Quite a study" -- we constantly surveilled the operation.
- And this was your principal responsibility for many,
 many years, was it not?
- A One of a thousand, at least.
- I know you are a busy man, but is that not a correct statement, that that was one of your responsibilities?
- A Yes.
- And over the years you add somebody under you that undertook that responsibility under your direction and control; is that correct?
- A From time to time, yes.
- Q Let' me ask you this question:

Would an interconnection between CEI and Muny Light have tended to resolve or lessen any of the financial problems of Muny Light?

A Yes, it would, but we had no obligation to rush into

helping`them out of their own problems.

- In what way would an interconnection between Muny

 Light and CEI have lightened the financial burdens

 of Muny Light?
- A It would have provided them with the reliability that they needed to get their system back in shape, which was mismanaged.
- Q Are you through? -
- A Yes.

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This morning you testified that the accomplishment of the five subobjectives set forth in PTX-2631 would contribute to the accomplishment of the overall objective set forth therein.

I call your attention to No. 3 subobjective, and I ask you how the accomplishment of that subobjective would contribute to the accomplishment of the overall objective?

- A I may have been too premature in embracing all of the general objectives in this authorless report.
- Q Would you like to change your testimony?
- A Having read this more carefully -- remember, I have about a minute to read this the last time. This one doesn't make sense to me. It is a foreign document to me, and I have seen it three times.

Do I understand that the accomplishment of subobjective 3 on page 5 would not contribute to the accomplishment of the overall objective set forth on page 2; is that what you are stating?

MR. LANSDALE:

0bjection.

THE COURT:

Approach the bench.

{The following proceedings were had at the bench:}

MR. LANSDALE: The witness said it didn't make any difference to him, and now he is asking, and he said it didn't make any sense.

THE COURT:

Go back and read that

all.

{Record read.}

MR. NORRIS:

The witness testified unequivocally this morning that the accomplishment of all five subobjectives set forth in the document would contribute to the accomplishment of the overall objective, and it sounds like he is changing his testimony with respect to No. 3.

MR. LANSDALE: He sure is. That is what he says.

MR. NORRIZ:

I am simply asking

that question.

THE COURT:

All might. I will

sustain the objection, and the previous answer may stand. Let's proceed.

{End of bench conference.}

BY MR. NORRIS:

- Mr. Loshing, as of January of 1960, did you have a viewpoint as to how much time from a practical standpoint CEI had to acquire Muny Light?
- A I have no recollection at this point.
- In or about January of 1960, what is your view as to whether or not the construction of an interconnection between Muny Light and CEI would have on the possibility of CEI acquiring Muny Light?
- A May I have the question read.

THE COURT:

Read it.

·{Question read.}

- A I don't know-
- Q Did you ever recommend to CEI management that CEI oppose any increases in rates to Muny Light?
- A In street lighting, yes.
- And why did you recommend that to your CEI management?
- A Because it is consistent with our objective to

distribute the tax advantages that Muny possessed for subsidy to the general constituents of the City of Cleveland.

- Is it also a fact that the recommendation that you made was to increase the financial burdens on your . .. competitors?
- A Yes.

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- On page 6 of 2631 there is a reference to the rate structures, and as of January, 1968, were you still concerned with the matter of rates for CEI?
- A I lost the reference. Would you read the question back.

 {Pending question read.}
- A Yes. I had trouble finding where the reference was.

 That is all.
- Q In January of 1968, Mr. Loshing, was CEI giving attention to the possibility of acquiring Muny Light?
- A That has always been a constant option.
- Now, is it a fact that in January of 1968, CEI was giving consideration to keeping Muny Light in a separate subsidiary and to operate it separate from CEI in the event it were going to acquire it?
- A This is really news to me. That is what this document describes it would be.
- And you are telling me you have no personal

recollection of the material set forth on page 5:

page 6: and page 7 of PTX-2631: is that what you are
telling me?

- A Not in this form at all, no.
- Q Well, what form? Tell me what is your recollection of the consideration given by CEI to how it would operate Muny Light after it acquired it?
- A Three or four ways.
- Q What are they?
- A Putting it in a subsidiary, and a lease.
- @ Are there any others?
- A The Detroit plan.
- And at that time -- the first one you mentioned putting it in a subsidiary; is this one of the propositions discussed in the MELP Committee in 1968?
- A No not to my knowledge.
- What is the option of leasing the plant, was that discussed in the MELP Committee in 1968?
- I don't recall the date in 1968, but that was one economical alternative and that was strictly looking at it from an economic standpoint.
- How would the lease option work?
- A We never got far into it. I don't know.
- Q What did you have in your mind when you said leasing

one`of the ways that you could go?

ould lease facilities to one another, to supply

lities for load.

mean the City could lease Muny Light's generating

ion and transmission facilities for CEI to operate:

hat what you are saying?

can you remember what period in time that that

ideration was given to the possibility within CEI?

ould not get the time frame.

This was something I would do in any kind of

nt, whatever the investment. We look at whether we

se or own the facilities, and this is what we look at.

n trying to find out what it was that was under

sideration in CEI, and you say that you can't

all?

you recall what the other option is that you

cribed at that time, the subsidiary option? Can

remember when that was under consideration in CEI?

MR. LANSDALE:

If your Honor please,

may I approach the bench?

THE COURT:

Yes.

` {The following proceedings were had at the bench:}

MR. LANSDALE: I told counsel two or three times, and now he is asking him when was it under consideration, and I object, and additionally, I object, if your Honor please, to grinding through all of this stuff which is the prestatutory period.

It is the fact that all these things were considered, and it is in the whole damn memorandum, which is in evidence.

Why are we going through this? I submit that the relevance is remote, and if it is relevant, it is cumulative, and I object to any further testimony about these events of the various mechanisms for accomplishing the objective of attempting to acquire oe neutralize the competition of the Muny Light.

We admit that this was our intent.

THE COURT:

Admit what?

MR. LANSDALE:

That this was our

intent, and we admit that we did all these things, and I submit that to keep grinding them over and over again is accomplishing nothing.

` I object to any further testimony along this ...

MR. NORRIS: It is the witness's own testimony. He told me there were three options.

MR. LANSDALE:

He said three or four.

MR. NORRIS:

-- that he identified

as having been options that were considered, so I

am asking him to describe what was the

consideration.

THE COURT:

I don't think that is the testimony. Go back -- number one, my recollection of the testimony is that there has been no time frame set when these considerations surface, if they did. My recollection of the testimony is that he is saying these are the various options.

Go back and read the testimony. {Record read.}

THE COURT: Now, there is no time frame set.

If this stuff, if this material -- and I don't see -- maybe you can tell me, and then you can proceed, but it is purely a collateral issue, as I

1 Loshing - cross 2 see`it. Where does it bear on the issues of this case? Number one, it is pre-statute; and number two, it is conjecture, because they never acquired it; and 5 number three, he wasn't privy to this; and number four, I don't know if these are his conjectures 7 - at this point in time or if this was a policy of the company. 10 You see, it is completely fragmented. 11 I will withdraw MR. NORRIS: 12 the question. 13 THE COURT: All right. 14 {End of bench conference.} 15 16 You may proceed. THE COURT: MR. NORRIS: Mrs. Richards, please 17 18 hand the witness PTX-538 and 539. 19 {After an interval.} 20 BY MR. NORRIS: 21 Can you identify PTX-538? 22 Yes. 23 What is it? 24 It is a copy of a memo from me to Lee Howley, dated

June 17, 1969, entitled, "Progress Report on MELP

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Interconnection."

In the second paragraph of your memorandum you made reference to Mr. Lester's memorand I have asked that Mrs. Richards give you PTX-539, and that should be at your desk.

Is that the memo that you made reference to in the second paragraph?

Yes.

Now, did Mr. Lester's memorandum, PTX-539, point up the problem that CEI faced in avoiding a permanent parallel interconnection between CEI and Muny Light? May I have the question?

{Question read.}

In part.

Please explain how Mr. Lester's memorandum pointed up that problem?

Mr. Lester's memo is a report of a meeting that he and Fred Sener met with the Municipal Light people on this morning of the 29th in trying to help them out in putting in precipitators to relieve their load.

That was the gist. That was the purpose of the memo and the meeting.

In Mr. Lester's memo he describes some additional talk and discussions of the people from Muny that were

at that meeting, discussing what they thought their wishes were, which did not necessarily reflect the management of the Municipal Light Plant's objectives.

- I don't yet understand how that memo points up the problem that you recite that CEI faces in avoiding a permanent parallel operation interconnection between MELP and CEI?
- You didn't read the first sentence of my memo. It says, "From H. A. Lester, it appears technically feasible that we could provide MELP with timely and sufficient load relief to enable them to install precipitators," and that was the thrust and use I put of his memo.
- What is the next sentence?
- We can accomplish this with a temporary interconnection without running the systems in parallel."
- @ Go ahead.
- A His memo describes how we could do it with a temporary interconnection, which was timely and needed, and suited their purposes.
- But the sentence that we started our question and answer on is the next sentence that you haven't yet read, and I still do not understand why -- I don't understand what you meant. You say, "His memo also

points up the problem we face in avoiding a permanent parallel operation interconnection between MELP and CEI.

I don't know -- in what respect did his memo point up that problem?

- A His memo pointed out that there were several people in the administration of the Municipal Light Plant that were interested in a parallel interconnection.
- So the fact that the Muny Light executives were interested, that was the problem that Mr. Lester was pointing out; do I understand that correctly?
- A Yes.
- Now, in this same paragraph you talk about the "findings of the latest studies," and you make reference to Mr. Moore and Mr. Beck having completed comprehensive financial and engineering studies.

Do you know what those studies were that they were referring to?

As I recall, they were studies that showed the value of an interconnection to the Municipal Light Plant absent any appropriate charges for that interconnection.

MR. NORRIS: Mrs. Richards, would

you hand the witness PTX-321 and 337.

{After an interval.}

- Mr. Loshing, is PTX-321 one of the documents that
 you make reference to in your second paragraph on the
 first page of your memo, 538?
- A Yes.
- Q. Is PTX-337 similarly one of those documents?
- A Yes.
- Now; both of these exhibits; 321 and 337; are altered by Mr. Moore; is that correct?
- A That is correct.
- And can you tell me what -- well, Mr. Moore would have been reporting officially information to you and to Mr. Bingham; is that correct?
- A That is correct.
- And I notice in your sentence you say, "Mr. Moore and Mr. Beck just completed comprehensive financial and engineering studies."

Would Mr. Moore have been the author of an engineering study or Mr. Beck?

- A Mr. Beck.
- And do you know what that study was that you make reference to that Mr. Beck had just completed?
- A Yes.

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ا ایا ک^ا As I recall, it was to evaluate the total savings available, however split between the Municipal Light

Plant and us, if there were an interconnection.

- Would you do me a favor and at the recess inquire whether or not a copy of Mr. Beck's comprehensive engineering study is still in the file?
- A Yes.

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And then if it is in the file. I would make a request that it be produced.

Mr. Loshing, in that same paragraph you make reference to the studies on MELP's answering the questions posed by Mr. Besse and Mr. Rudolph, "At our last Muny meeting."

Would you kindly tell us what were the questions posed by Mr. Besse and Mr. Rudolph at your last Muny meeting?

- I believe it was the one I just stated. "What are the total economies available jointly to having an interconnection between CEI and the Municipal Light Plant.
- @ When you say "joint economies" you mean benefits to both parties?
- A The total available to share, yes.
- Were Mr. Besse and Mr. Rudolph concerned about conferring benefits on Muny Light at that point?

MR. LANSDALE:

Objection.

Q I will withdraw the question.

THE COURT:

All right. Proceed.

Q Mr. Loshing, turn to page 5 of PTX-538.

As I see it; there are 15 people that got copies of your memorandum.

Were all of those 15 on the MELP Committee?

- A Yes, at least formally. Some may have been staff people that were on this, on the informational committee.
- I would like to have you identify the capacity of each of the persons on this list of addressees for a carbon copy. First there is Mr. Besse. Was he the Chairman?
- A Yes.
- Q And Mr. Rudolph, a President?
- A Yes.
- Q And what office did R. M. Ginn hold?
- A Probably Executive Vice-President, although I am not sure.
- Q He was a Vice-President?
- A · He was a Vice-President.
- What capacity did Mr. R. A. Miller have at that time?
 Was he also a Vice-President?
- A He was a Vice-President, yes.
- Q What about Mr. Sealy?

- A He was Vice-President of Operations.
- Q And Mr. Williams is a Vice-President?
- A Vice-President of Engineering.
- Q And Mr. Wyman?
- A He was the Vice-President of Marketing.
- Q Now, Mr. Beck got a copy. What was his capacity?
- A He was not a Vice-President. He was not -- he was an individual that was in the mechanical engineering department that made the study.
- Q And Mr. Bingham, was he a Vice-President at that time?
- A Not at that point.
- And Mr. Bostic, was he a Vice-President?
- A No.
- All right. What function did Mr. Bingham and Mr. Bostic have at that time?
- As I described so many times, they were staff to this communications group called the Muny Task Force, whatever it was called, and they were there, and they either had input, or primarily to have input.
- @ Mr. Bingham worked for you?
- A Yes.
- Q And his particular area was rates?
- A And cost studies.

- @ Whom did`Mr. Bostic work for?
- A He probably reported at that time to Dick Shuerger, our Chief Mechanical Engineer.
- Q You say Mr. Bostic worked for Mr. Shuerger?
- A Yes.
- Now Mr. Davidson is on the list. What was his capacity?
- A He probably was head of System Planning.
- @ How about Mr. Lester? '
- A Mr. Lester worked for Mr. Bingham, and was a Senior Rate Engineer.
- And Mr. Moore is on the list, and he worked for your didn't he?
- A No. He worked for Mr. Bingham in the Rates area.
- All right; and you already identified Mr. Shuerger, and then the last is Mr. Sener. What was his capacity at that point?
- A He was in System Planning, I presume, at that time.

 He worked for Mr. Davidson.

THE COURT: It is time for our recess.

Ladies and gentlemen, please keep in mind the Court's admonitions. We will take a short recess.

{Recess taken.}

THE COURT:

Please be seated.

Bring in the jury.

{The jury entered the courtroom and the following proceedings were had in their hearing and presence.}

THE COURT:

Please be seated,

ladies and gentlemen.

BY MR. NORRIS:

- Mr. Loshing, the only person we didn't identify in connection with your memorandum of June 17th, 1969, was the person to whom it was addressed, and that was .

 Mr. Howley, was it not?
- A Yes.
- And he was the head of the Legal Department, is that right?
- A That is correct.
- Q And I believe you referred to him as the spearhead!
 of the Muny operation, is that accurate?
- A Yes.
- @ Now then --
- A I seem to -- I do not have a copy of mine.
- Q I want you to have a copy of that exhibit.

{Exhibit handed to the witness by Mrs.

Richards.}

THE COURT:

What exhibit are we

talking about?

MR. NORRIS:

538, your Honor.

BY MR. NORRIS:

- Now, you identified Muny Light as being caught in an economic squeeze, and what were the factors that contributed to that economic squeeze for Muny Light?
- A Primarily mismanagement.
- Where does "mismanagement" appear in your memorandum of June 17th, 1969 as a reason for that, Mr. Loshing?
- A Only the consequences of the fact that they were in poor operating shape that was the result of continued pursuits of --
- @ Would you kindly turn to the first page --
- A I wasn't finished.
- Q Continue with your answer.
- A -- pursuits of mismanagement and some bad decisions that were finally coming home to roost.

MR NORRIZ:

May we approach the

bench, your Honor?

THE COURT:

Yes.

.` {The following proceedings were had at the bench:}

MR. NORRIS: I request the right to put the first page of that on the screen.

He identified the reason for economic squeeze and mismanagement is not one of the factors: that

The allowed to put that up on the screen.

THE COURT: You didn't ask hima

"Is it in your report?"

MR. NORRIS: Yes, I did, your

Honor.

THE COURT:

Go back and read the record.

{The record was read as follows:

"Q Mr. Loshing, the only person we didn't identify in connection with your memorandum of June 17th, 1969, was the person to whom it was addressed, and that was Mr. Howley, was it not?

"A Yes.

"Q And he was the head of the Legal Department, is that right?

"A That is correct.

"Q And I believe you referred to him as the spearhead of the Muny operation, is that accurate?

- "A Yes.
- "@ Now then --
- "A I seem to -- I do not have a copy of mine.
- "@ I want you to have a copy of that ... exhibit-

"Now, you identified Muny Light as being caught in an economic squeeze, and what were the factors that contributed to that economic squeeze for Muny Light?

- "A Primarily mismanagement.
- "Q Where does 'mismanagement' appear in your memorandum of June 17th, 1969 as a reason for that, Mr. Loshing?
- "A Only the consequences of the fact that they were in poor operating shape that was the result of continued pursuits of --
 - "@ Would you kindly turn to the first page --
 - "A I wasn't finished.
 - "Q Continue with your answer.
- "A -- pursuits of mismanagement and some bad decisions that were finally coming home to ...

MR. NORRIS:

The witness's testimony

does not conform with what the man wrote in 1969, and I want to ask him questions about what he wrote, and I would like the jury to be able to see the first page on the screen as I question him.

THE COURT:

No .

Sustain the objection.

Not unless you lay the proper foundation.

There is nothing in your questions and his answers, you never asked him the question whether or not that exact statement appeared in that diagram --- or in that memorandum.

If you want to lay the proper foundation, you are free to do so.

His answers are consistent with the questions. Let's proceed, please.

{End of bench conference.}

BY MR. NORRIS:

- On page 1 of your Exhibit 538, you identify "an antequated system with little prospect of volume economies" as one of the factors in the economic squeeze, is that a fair statement?
- A That is correct.
- Now, let me ask you this:

Is it -- is it necessarily true that an antequated system with little prospect of volume economies means that the operator of such an antequatded system was guilty of mismanagement?

- A Not in and of itself, no.
- Now, the next element that you identify for the economic squeeze is "rising price levels and rapidly rising debt service".

Now, in your view as a financial forecaster, does that necessarily point to mismanagement on Muny Light's part?

- A You didn't finish the rest of that sentence, sir.
- All right, let's do that:

"Rising price levels and rapidly rising debt service caused by the need to raise the existing system's reliability and install pollution controls to meet minimum acceptable standards."

Now - my question is:

Given those factors that you have pointed to do those necessarily point in your opinion to Muny Light having been mismanaged?

- A Yes.
- And is it the rising price levels that you derive your conclusion from that a company that has rising price

levels would be a mismanaged company?

- A No; but the lack of recognition of them in reflecting your rates surely is a prime cause of mismanagement.
- Now, did you make referende to that, the lack of recognition of the rapidly rising price levels, did you make reference to that in this memorandum?
- A That is such an implicit -- given here --
- @ May I have -- did you?
- A No.
- Q And let's take the next:

What about the rapidly-rising debt service does a co-mpany that has a rapidly-rising debt service necessarily constitute a mismanaged company?

- A No; but, as I pointed out, again, with the rest of that sentence, the rising debt service to pick up for past inadequacies or system reliability, which is the key --
- Q Is there any place in this paragraph where you talk about past inadequacies of Muny Light?

{The witness reading silently.}

- A Not directly, but implicitly throughout.
- @ All right.

Now, you mentioned the "existing system's' reliability," and you told us this morning that Muny

1 Loshing - cross Light's major problem was reliability. 2 Now, does that necessarily point to Muny Light 3 having been mismanaged just because their major 5 problem is reliability? 6 It sure is a strong system. What about the difference between an isolated utility and an interconnected utility, is it not a 8 fact that an interconnected utility, other things 9 10 being equal, is going to have greater reliability 11 than an isolated utility? 12 All things being equal? Α 13 Q Yes. 14 Yes. 15 If CEI, for example, were to lose all of its interconnections today that it's presently got, would 16 17 that not cause CEI's reliability to possibly be in 18 some jeopardy? 19 It would deteriorate its reliability. 20 What about this last point, Mr. Loshing: Q 21 "--install pollution controls to meet minimum 22 acceptable standards," am I correct that along about 23 the late '60's and early '70's, the entire electric 24 power industry was faced with new air pollution

control requirements that they had not been faced

25

before?

uestion then is:

Does the need to install pollution control ces necessarily point to Muny Light having been anaged?

use they were laggard -- lagging in installing pollution controls.

here any place in this memorandum where you tout that Muny Light was lagging in installing ution controls?

MR. LANSDALE:

I object, your

Honor.

THE COURT:

Approach the bench --

Sustain the objection.

Let's approach the bench, please.

{The following proceedings were had at the bench:}

MR. LANSDALE:

If your Honor please, --

THE COURT:

Now, Mr. Norris, --

just a minute -- I want to tell you one more time:

efore?

stion then is:

oes the need to install pollution control

s necessarily point to Muny Light having been

raged?

se they were laggard -- lagging in installing

llution controls.

ere any place in this memorandum where you

out that Muny Light was lagging in installing

tion controls?

MR. LANSDALE:

I object, your

Honor.

THE COURT:

Approach the bench --

Sustain the objection.

'Let's approach the bench, please.

{The following proceedings were had at the

bench:}

MR. LANSDALE:

If your Honor please, --

THE COURT:

Now: Mr. Norris: --

just a minute -- I want to tell you one more time:

Will you stop this manner of questioning?

I'm ordering you to do that right now. I'm tired of having you come up here and just going back and defying what the Court has ruled.

Now; please; let's go back and proceed in the proper manner. If you don't know how to proceed in the proper manner; get somebody up here that does.

Let's proceed, please.

{End of bench conference.}

THE COURT: Please ask proper questions. Mr. Norris.

There is no indication in the form of your questioning that those things were contained in that memorandum.

Let's proceed in the proper manner.

MR. NORRIS: I didn't hear your comment, sir.

THE COURT: Read my comment back.

If you are desirous of asking the type of questions you're asking preface the question by asking whether or not a certain situation was referred to in the memorandum.

MR. NORRIS:

Your Honor, I thought

I did.

THE COURT:

I'm sorry, you didn't.

Please, let's proceed in the proper manner.

BY MR. NORRIZ:

- @ Mr. Loshing, my question wasn't clear enough.
 - Is there -- did you point to the matter of Muny
 Light lagging in its air pollution controls
 installation any place in this memorandum?
- A Non I did not.
- Q Thank you.

At the time you wrote this memorandum, Muny Light had a positive cash flow, is that correct?

{After an interval.}

- A From our statement, just barely, yes.
- It was your estimate, however, that the normal construction expenditures came very close to equalling the positive cash flow, is that a fair statement?
- A Yesi choking it out.
- And it was your conclusion, was it not, that if Muny
 Light were to go into any kind of capital program,
 that it would need to resort to external financing?
- A That's correct.
- And what kinds of external financing did you speculate

in this memorandum that Muny Light would resort to?

- A I presumed that they would go to their cash-free mortgage bond route --
- Q Councilmanic bonds?
- A No-
- Q Well, just addressing your attention to page 3:
 - Isn't it a fact that just above the heading "Impact of New Gas Turbines on MELP Operation", I think you do suggest that, do you not?
- A I suggested that's what they might do.
- Q Yes.

You said "It also seems probable that they will continue going the route of Councilmanic bonds"?

A Yes.

On another free lunch.

- Q I'm sorry. Would you repeat that?
- A They found another free lunch.
- Q What do you mean by that?
- They were able to again continue burdening the rate payers -- scratch that -- taxpayers of the City of Cleveland for the inadequacies of the revenues of the electric operation -- Municipal Light Plant's operation to cover the cost of its operation.
- You're not suggesting that they were doing anything

illegal; are you?

MR. LANSDALE,

Oha come on.

A Norsir.

THE COURT:

Sustain the objection.

- Now, a permanent interconnection between Muny Light and CEI you've already testified would have been beneficial to Muny Light; that is correct; isn't it?
- A That is correct, solely.
- And one of the benefits would have been fuel savings.
 is that right?
- A Yesa sir.
- And how much did you estimate an interconnection would be worth to Muny Light, just in fuel savings alone?
- A We're on page 3 now?
- That's one place.
- 500 to 600 thousand dollars per year is the total fuel savings if Muny had an 80-megawatt interconnection and it used it only for backup purposes, which is not how you use an interconnection.

Well now, you referred to this as a tremendous economic benefit, did you not?

Yes; I said that in this memo.

And your of courser meant a tremendous economic benefit to Muny Light?

- {After an interval.}
- A Yes.
- And your reference to a 500 to 600 thousand dollar fuel savings per year was with regard to an interconnection used only for capacity backup and not for power exchange or maintenance power or economy power; is that what your meaning was?
- A That's right; that's the result of one of these studies.
- Now, also on page 3 I see a referenc to "transfer of energy."

You say, "These fuel savings to MELP do not include any transfer of energy."

Do I properly understand what you meant by "transfer of energy"? I don't want to put words in your mouth, but --

Strike that.

What did you mean by "transfer of energy" when you said "These fuel savings do not include any transfer of energy"?

They do not contemplate any displacement of energy but, rather, the savings to Municipal Light Plant in returning their otherwise required spinning reserve on their own system, their own units, as opposed

to placing the burden on the interconnection and a ergo, the CEI system.

Is that a typical benefit from a permanent interconnection that is customary in the industry?

It's a two-way street.

This was a one-way street where there was is is not been any mutuality of this benefit.

I understand. But my question is:

Whether or not the fuel savings from not having to continue to have spinning reserve operating all the time, is that not a typical benefit that any power company could achive from a permanent interconnection with a neighbor?

Now, would the fuel savings to Muny Light have been greater had Muny Light been able to receive transfers of energy over the interconnection rather than just fuel savings to avoid spinning reserves?

On page 4 of this -- my memo, I say:

"It may seem surprising, but if we were to enter into an economy interchange agreement where we split the savings, this would only result in annual savings of \$6.000 to Municipal Light Plant."

If you want me to interpret that, I will be glad

to.

@ Well = let me ask you to direct your attention to the
next paragraph. You say:

"No measure of value is put on the corresponding increase in service reliability".

When you say "no measure of value", am I correct that you put a measure of value on the fuel savings that came from the elimination of the spinning reserve?

- A That's right.
- Q And that was the 500 to 600 thousand dollars a year right?
- A Right.
- Now then, if you were to put a measure of value on the increase in service reliability that would come to

 Muny Light from an interconnection, how would you have gone about that?
- A Would have made a study of the potential growth, the customers' load as a function of the enhanced reliability or improvement in the poor reliability.
- Q Might this -- I'm sorry, I didn't mean to interrupt.
- A And, as I point out here, on the ability to take on new customers, you could evaluate the after cost value of adding new customers relative to the cost of

serving:

So that the increased service reliability could have been translated, at least in part, into the ability to take on new customers, is that a fair summary?

Yes.

And, of course, those new customers would have -- if they hadn't -- strike that.

Those new customers, assuming that they were already existing users of electric power in the City of Cleveland, would have had to have come from CEI, is that correct?

Yes; or competition for new customers, including public load.

I'm speaking of those that were already here, those customers, your assumption here is that, of course, they would already have been served by CEI, is that right?

My memo says I made no analysis of that.

I understand.

You're hypothecating what I would have done.

But if you had made an analysis of it, you would have come up with some kind of a measure of value_for that factor, is that not correct?

That could have been ascertained, right, under several

parameters, like we do all of our studies.

Now, another factor here that you indicate that you do not take into consideration:

No measure of value was put on the corresponding relief of future investments needed to strengthen their system.

" What do you mean by that?
I'm trying to -- would you point me to it?
Yes.

It's on page 4, the second paragraph.

{The witness reading silently.}

With us supplying the back up as spinning reserved that obviated the necessity for them to get rid of their antequated equipment and replace them with usable facilities, because that is the measure of the value of the spinning reserve.

Is this not also a typical benefit that exists in the electric power industry, whether you're a Municipal System or a privately-owned system, that if you do have interconnections with neighboring utility companies, that you don't have to build such plant in place for your own backup, is that not a fair summary?

To some degree, yes.

And the relief of future investments needed to strengthen the system here at the time you wrote this memo. Muny's biggest unit was 75 megawatts -- 85 megawatts; do you recall that?

·Yes•

And if Muny were to create its own backup without an interconnection, is it a fair statement that to be consistent with normal industry practice, that they would have to have backup at least equal to the largest unit?

That is correct.

So that am I correct in assuming that when you say you put no measure of value on the relief of future investments needed to strengthen their system, would that -- would I be correct in assuming that you did not try to put a value on how much they would be relieved from having to build another A5-megawatt unit?

That is correct, yes.

Have you got any notion in 1969 what it would have cost to build an &5-megawatt unit?

No.

I could -- then I would have known.

@ May I ask you this way, please, Mr. Loshing:

Assume that the 85-megawatt unit that Muny
Light put on line in 1967 cost in the neighborhood of
\$12 to \$13 million.

Now, two to three years later, have you got any opinion at all as to whether that would have gone up by 10 percent?

- A Yes; \$16 to \$18 million as a haphazard guess.
- Q \$16 to \$18 million?...
- A Yes. .
- Now, what kind of debt service do you think an \$18 million investment would have amounted to on an annual basis?
- A For a Municipal Light Plant?
- Q Yes.
- A With their tax-free bonds?
- Q Exactly.
- A Not Councilmanic?
- Q Let's take it the way you suggested it with their tax-free bonds.
- A You're going back a long way, and I don't want to put any more speculation on this record; but I would think

that the tax-free market -- which we're not into it at this time -- was 5, 7 -- 6 percent, thereabouts, 5, 6 percent.

Well, subject to check, if I'm not mistaken, the annual debt service on the bonds for the gas turbines and the precipitators issued in the late '60's were somewhere in the order of \$500, 600 thousand a year, does that sound about right to you?

A I have no recollection.

It's ascertainable. If it's reasonable, I'll accept it.

Just one more question on this, if you have an opinion:

Would you think that if you had made a study and if you had put a measure of value on the relief of future investments that would flow to Muny from this interconnection, would it be fair to say that that measure of value could be roughly comparable to the fuel saving measure of value that you have already estimated?

{After an interval.}

A Will you read the question back?

{The pending question was read by the reporter.}

A I made no such study.

I couldn't really comment at this time on the

relative comparability.

Now, on page 3, in the next-to-the-last paragraph,

Mr. Loshing, you make reference to another assumption

that you made, and that was an assumption with

respect to the charging of a standby charge.

Now, what do you mean by "standby charge"?

A standby charge is a function that you provide -as this interconnection would to Municipal Light

Plant -- where you stand by for their need for

capacity; and the traditional at that time going rate

for providing standby service was 30 cents a kilowatt

week.

- That would have translated into a million two hundred thousand dollars a year?
- A Right.
- And that if you had charged Muny Light that amount of money, as you point out here, that would have left

 Muny Light with an increased deficit, is that correct?
- A That is correct.
- Now's then, you make reference to the charge for emergency standby service as being a most vital point and one that may be difficult to obtain.

Why?

Well, first of all, -- I have got two questions,

73,537

Loshing - cross

I'm sonry.

Why did you say that the charge for emergency standby service was a most vital point?

- A Because of the potential transfer of burden from the inadequacies of the Municipal Light Plant System to the facilities of CEI provided by CEI's rate payers.

 That would be a difficult number to quantify as we're just going through here.
- Now then, I noticed that on the fourth page, you make reference again to the standby charge, and I call your attention to the fourth paragraph of the page.

You use the term "a proper standby charge"?

A Yes.

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- And does "proper standby charge" mean a sufficiently high standby charge?
- A No-

A sufficiently adequate one which, in the context of my memo here, really under the standards of the industry would be a million to a year, would --

- Q That would --
- A -- properly compensatory.
- Q That would be -- in other words the million two a
 year would be a proper standby charge?
- A That is correct.

•		
l	Loshing -	cross

- 2 And that also is the charge that would have left an increased deficit for Muny Light?
 - A That is correct.
 - Now then you concluded that:

"A strong permanent interconnection would give MELP the system reliability it so sorely needs."

- Did you feel, when you wrote that, that that would be beneficial to Muny Light even though they had to pay a million two for a standby charge every year?
- A Yes.

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- But with the proper standby charge, am I not correct that Muny Light would not get any financial relief from the interconnection?
- A That's right.
- And yet rather they would incur higher expenses?
- A Yes; their system was so mismatched that the prevailing rates in industry would not have bailed out their mistakes of their system configuration.
- Mr. Loshing, did you think that charging that kind of a standby charge would have put pressure on Muny Light to increase their rates?
- A Yes-
- And if that had occurred, that, of course, would have represented a competitive advantage that CEI would have

1		Loshing - cross
2	•	been able to realize from the standby charge, is that
3		a fair statement?
4	A	Or the lessening of the disadvantage we had to their
5		tax exemption-
6	Q	Well, that would depend upon the quantity of the
7		charge, would it not?
8	A	Yes- but that was yes.
9	Q	And that would, of course, then be also dependent upon
.0		how high the rates ultimately did get raised in
.1		relation to the CEI rates?
.2	A	Yes.
.3		THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen
L 4		it's now 4:00 o'clock.
L 5		So that you may have an opportunity to review
L 6		the exhibits, which I'm sure you have seen before,
L7		we will permit you to return to the jury room so
18		that you may peruse these exhibits, and at
19		4:30 you will be free to go.
20		Again, keep in mind the Court's admonition
21		that you are not to discuss the case either among
22		yourselves or with anyone else; you are to keep
23		an open mind until such time as you have heard
24		all of the evidence in the case and the Court's
25		instruction as to the law and the application of

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Loshing - cross

the law to the facts as you find them to be, and until such time as the matter is submitted to you for your ultimate deliberation and judgment.

With that, you're free to go, return tomorrow morning at 8:30.

Good night.

IThe jury left the courtroom and the following proceedings were had out of their hearing and presence.}

THE COURT: Plaintiff*s Exhibits 603, 538, 539, 1488, 2631, 2081, 321, 337, all of which have been admitted and may be submitted to the jury.

You may step down.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

THE COURT: Mr. Norris, may I

make an inquiry here at this juncture?

I was attempting to follow the testimony from the afternoon recess on.

I am unable to understand the purpose of the testimony. It appears to me that this is testimony that is directed to the substantive issues before the Court during the statutory period.

The purpose of the

Loshing - cross

testimony, your Honor, is to demonstrate that in

1969 CEI recognized that its utilization of the

interconnection or withhold the interconnection

market power that it had either to grant an

could have devastating consequences on Muny

Light. And, as this memorandum demonstrates,

Mr. Loshing made a very careful study -- actually

two comprehensive financial studies made by Mr.

Moore, he had a comprehensive engineering study

comprehensive financial and engineering studies

A thorough understanding of what this

memorandum states makes it very clear that the

testimony that we have not quite reached, your

Honor, has -- Mr. Loshing sets forth three

conclusions of three different courses of

action that the company could take, and one

of them was to initiate an interconnection

and impose a sufficiently high standby charge

in this memorandum, which was sent to the top

management -- virtually everyone in the top

management of the company.

made by Beck -- and he then summarized the

Maybe you can enlighten me.

MR. NORRIS:

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to increase the financial pressure on Muny Light.

Another alternative that Mr. Loshing identifies is to initiate an all-out effort to purchase Muny Light.

And then the third alternative, which is one that they followed, was to avoid an interconnection, running the risk of an FPC dictated interconnection hoping that, in the meantime, the operating and financial difficulties of Muny Light would result in an elimination of Muny Light as a competitive threat.

And the reason this is important to the issues in this case is that it demonstrates an intent on CEI's part to make use of its enormous market power with respect to what the consequences are going to be on its competitor. And this attitude, this intent on the pant of CEI has got to be considered to the attitudes that are implicit in the 1962, 1963, 1965 offers of an interconnection based upon the condition 'that Muny Light should raise its rates to the CEI level.

And, as we have seen, the CEI studies have already indicated that they determined that if

Muny Light's rates were raised to the CEI

level, that this would go a long way towards

their being able to knock Muny Light out of the

box, either to eliminate it or to acquire it,

and thereby accomplish their MELP objective.

Now, what this means, your Honor, is that if you take a look at all the CEI conduct up to the July, 1971 inception of the damage period, it is apparent that CEI was aware of what it could do towards accomplishing its MELP objective with respect to what it did on either withholding or offering an interconnection.

And this intent evidence helps characterize what happened in July, 1971 within the damage period, and the CEI executives have one version of what happened in July, 1971, and the City's witnesses have a different version of what happened in July, 1971 with respect to this matter of refusing an interconnection.

And the jury must resolve that question of fact as to what actually occurred, whom do they believe. And the City submits that this evidence of the 1960's and the recognition by CEI that if they could keep Muny Light isolated, that Muny would ultimately be eliminated as a

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competitive threat.

That intent evidence helps illuminate what happened in July, 1971, and that's why the evidence is relevant.

THE COURT: I appreciate what you're saying to me, Mr. Norris.

But I think that we must begin at a point of departure. That point of departure in this case is an admission, which I have had my law clerk get for me since I have been getting increasingly concerned about where we're going.

The admission in this case is:

CEI has in the past intended and attempted to reduce or eliminate competition between it and Muny Light by one or more of the following means:

Number one. Acquisition by purchase.

Number two. Agreement with Muny Lightanexpress or implied to reduce or eliminate competition by one or a combination of means such as:

{a} Equalization of rates to private
customers;

(b) a mutual policy of refraining from

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soliciting or expanding to serving the other customers, a mutual "live-or-let-live" situation; and

{c} When competition could not be peacefully removed or eliminated, CEI competed as vigorously as it could in the area in which there is a duplication of service with Muny Light and still intends to do so.

In furtherance of this effort, CEI sometimes sought to avoid doing and, in any event, did not wish to do things which would help Muny Light to compete more effectively.

Now, with that point of departure, and recognizing that the substantive issues in this case are confined to a damage period commencing with July 1, 1971 --

MR. NORRIS:

That is correct.

THE COURT:

-- to a limitation period July 1, 1975, the great weight of the testimony -- I should say, the great amount of the testimony that has been introduced during these 18 days of trial has addressed the period that goes back as early as 1948 through and up to 1970.

There has been a very limited amount of testimony addressed to the period '71 through '75.

I might say, within the context of the number of days that the trial has progressed, that amount of testimony to date has been miniscule.

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Much of the testimony elicited as it reflects through this period of time has been cumulative and repetitious.

We have witnesses saying the same thing in a different form; recognizing also that the admission of such testimony is discretionary with the Court, and recognizing that I had permitted, as I say, during this 18 days of trial, this wide latitude of permitting this pre-damage period testimony in for the purposes of establishing some color of intent, which really, under the facts of the stipulation, is redundant.

My next question is, how many more witnesses are we going to go over the same material with. because there has got to be at some point in time an end to this type of testimony, and we must direct our attention to the testimony, the substantive testimony as it bears upon the ultimate issues in this case; namely, the period July la 1971, through 1975, and the damage period that the Court has permitted testimony in thereafter.

We just have to put a stop to it, especially in view of the fact that it is repetitious.

MR. NORRIS: Your Honor, one thing I would like to observe before I go to your question

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about is this testimony redundant with the admission. I am sure that the number of trial dates taken on direct versus cross-examination is something that the Court will take into consideration. We have tried to be expeditious.

THE COURT: Mr. Norris, a great deal of what has transpired during this 18-day period now doesn't take into account the three or four weeks that we were getting ready or the voir dire or the selecting of the jury. I grant you that, but one situation aggravates the other, and a great deal of our time here has been spent on collateral issues.

MR. NORRIS: Well, on the substantive point, I can share with the Court the lineup of the witnesses that we have, but could I come back --

THE COURT: I really don't want to argue that point with your Mr. Norris.

My question to you is, how many more witnesses do you intend to put on to go over the same type of testimony that we have been through?

MR. NORRIS: I don't think I am putting on testimony, your Honor, that is' redundant.

1 Mr. Norris, I THE COURT: certainly wouldn't expect you to say anything else, but I am giving you what analysis of the testimony, what my analysis of the testimony is, 5 and I am confident that the record will speak for itself, and it will either support your contention 7 or support my contention, and if my contention should be wrong, that is why we have the Court of Appeals. May I just make one MR. NORRIS: ` 11 comment, please: The reason the intent evidence that we are 12 13 adducing is not redundant with the CEI admission --14 I am not saying THE COURT: 15 redundant with the CEI admission. You misconstrue 16 what I am saying. It is redundant in light of the 17 CEI admission, taken together with the testimony 18 of the witnesses. We have had four or five witnesses testify to 20 the identical same material. 21 _ We haven't had anybody MR. NORRIS: 22 testify to the MELP Committee until today. 23 They didn't call it THE COURT: the MELP Committee. 25 We didn't have any MR. NORRIS:

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testimony from anybody prior to Mr. Loshing with respect to the intent evidence that his memorandum reflects.

Well, I am not going THE COURT: to take the time to go back over my notes.

I wish you would address my question, because we have reached that point where the Court is seriously considering restricting further testimony to the statutory period, 1971 through 1975, and the remainder of the damage period which I have allowed during the course of the last trial.

Now, unless you can show me some compelling reason where you are going to go into new evidence. I think that we must face this reality. because I am interested in moving into that area which is the material part of this case from which action or inaction damages may or may not accrue.

Well, to the extent MR. NORRIS: that the intent evidence doesn't illuminate the character of the actions within the damage period, that of course is relevant.

What I said to you is, THE COURT: I am certainly considering at this juncture to eliminating the testimony to the period 1971 through 1975, unless you can show me some compelling reason

why I should not, and you need not argue the issue of intent, and the testimony concerning intent. I am well aware of that. And I was aware of it in the first trial and in this trial.

My point is, unless you can show me some witness that is going to testify to some new matter, we are going to eliminate the testimony to the period here in issue, 1971 through 1975.

MR. NORRIS:

Your Honor, after

Mr. Loshing is off the stand --

THE COURT:

Yes.

MR. NORRIS: -- I am aware of two other witnesses, both of whom will be very short.

THE COURT: That is what everybody tells me, but Mr. Hinchee was going to be short, and he was on the stand for nine and a half days, and Mr. Loshing was going to be short, and he was here three days.

MR. NORRIS: I just started with him yesterday. It may seem like three days.

THE COURT:

Well --

MR. NORRIS:

Anyway, what I was going to say, after Mr. Loshing is off the stand, then I have Mr. Garafoli who can't be here until Monday.

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THE COURT:

Tell me what he is

going to testify to, and I will tell you whether it is new matter or repetitious of old matter.

MR. NORRIS: His testimony goes to this point:

Mr. Lansdale has, I think, attempted -- well, he hasn't attempted to -- he has actually charged Mr: Hinchee with misrepresenting to City Council with respect to the use to which the \$5 million issue would be put.

I think Mr. Hinchee's THE COURT: testimony will speak for itself.

Nobody has to characterize that, and I am sure the jury is well aware of his testimony.

Well, I think there MR. NORRIS: may be a difference of opinion.

That is true, but I THE COURT: home: you are not saying that Mr. Garofoli is going to come in and --

Mr. Garofoli is going MR. NORRIS: to testify as to what representations were made to the City Council with respect to the use to which the \$5 million would be put.

Mr. Lansdale was critical of Mr. Hinchee and telling him he was actually misrepresenting to

1	. City Council, and that is totally inaccurate, and
2	thère are two other witnesses that will clarify
3	whether or not the Bednar Report was the sole
4	basis upon which City Council passed the ordinance
5	1187-71, following Mr. Hinchee's arrival in
6	Cleveland.
7	THE COURT: Well, I hear what you
8 .	- are saying, but I don't fully appreciate how you
9	are going to evolve that in testimony by following
10	the rules of evidence. That is what concerns me.
11	MR. NORRIS: Very easily.
12	THE COURT: Maybe it is easy for
13	you, but I am having difficulty with it.
14	MR. NORRIS: I am trying to answer
15	your question.
16 -	There are a couple of witnesses after Mr.
17	Loshing that will testify marginally before the
18	damage period, and this is June 28, 1971, testimony.
19	THE COURT: As I said. I will
20	donsider that.
21	What I am asking you is, what is the substance
22	of the testimony that you are desirous of developing
23	that occurred prior to the statutory period.
24	That is what I am asking you; so that I can

evaluate whether or not it should be permitted, or

1	whether we should go on into the real issues in	
2	the case.	
3	MR. NORRIS: These are the real	
4	issues in the case-	
5	THE COURT: Will you kindly answer	
6	my question?	
7	MR. NORRIS: I am confused as to	
8	- what question you want me to answer.	
9	THE COURT: The question I would	
10	' like you to answer'is, who are the witnesses, and	
11	what do you intend to develop by their testimony?	
12	MR. NORRIS: Mr. Garofoli is going	
13	to testify as to the representations made by the	
14	administration to City Council on June 28, 1971.	
15	Mr. Garofoli was the President of City	
16	Council, and Mr. Garofoli has relevant testimony	
17	as to whether or not the Bednar Report was the	
18	sole representation made by the administration.	
19	or whether or not other representations were made.	
20	The other witnesses	
21	· THE COURT: This is a witness.	
22	I take it, that is introduced to rehabilitate the	
23	testimony of Mr. Hinchee?	
24	MR. NORRIS: No. sir, to give	
25	additional evidence as to what the representations	

were that the City Council was given as to the use to which the bond money would be put.

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The suggestion that Mr. Lansdale has left in the jury's mind is that no plant renovation was communicated to City Council as a reason for the \$5 million of bonds.

The facts are your Honor that the plant renovations and permanent interconnection those factors were thoroughly debated on the floor of City Council and Mr. Garofoli who was a representative of City Council can state what the representations were.

THE COURT: And the City Council passed an ordinance?

MR. NORRIS: Yes.

THE COURT: And that incorporated the commitment of the money?

MR. NORRIS:

But the issue that has been fraised is whether or not that ordinance was passed on the basis of misrepresentations, and the facts are that there was no misrepresentations.

Mr. Lansdale is suggesting that City Council was not told that the money would be used for plant renovation, and the fact is that City Council was told that.

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THE COURT:

I don't recall the

ordinance Did the ordinance incorporate plant

renovation?

MR. NORRIS: The ordinance made reference to the Bednar Report having been lodged with the Director of Finance, and the way the testimony stands at the present time there is an inference that Mr. Lansdale has invited the jury to make that there were no representations made to City Council as to the use of those funds other

THE COURT:

Well, what is the purpose of the witness? What is the next witness that is going -- that you are going to have, and what is he or she going to testify to?

MR. NORRIS:

Mr. Gaskill, who was the Director of Utilities from late 1970 or early 1971, for I guess, I think 14 to 16 months, and he was also one of the Directors that appeared in City Council on that night and made his own representations with respect to the plant renovations that the fund would be used for.

THE COURT:

than the Bednar Report.

What ordinance?

MR. NORRIS:

1187-71.

THE COURT:

All right, go ahead,

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Mr. Gaskill and who else?
• MR. NORRIS: Then we are planning to
call Mr. Salko and Mr. Titus who are Muny Light
employees, and their testimony will be with
respect to the way in which Muny Light was required
to operate during the continuance of the load
transfer service from an operating standpoint.
 THE COURT: I thought we went into
that with Mr. Meehan and Mr. Daniels?
MR. NORRIS: Those were plant
people, and these are distribution and transmission
people.
THE COURT: You can use one of
those people.
What number was that ordinance again? Was it
1187-71?
MR. NORRIS: Your Honor, they have
different testimony to give.
-THE COURT: What number is the
ordinance?
MR. NORRIS: 1187-71.
Your Honor, will the defendant
THE COURT: Just a minute.
I am sorry. My copy of this ordinance is
blurred in one portion. It says:

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"Council of the City of Cleveland hereby

find and determine that as set forth in the

section in order to meet the demand for electric

light and power in the City of Cleveland, it is

necessary and advisable and desirable that the

Municipal Electric Light and Power Plant and

transmission and distribution systems to the

City of Cleveland, a product and service of which

are now and will be supplied to the City of

Cleveland" -- and then I can't read it.

I think it is -- I don't know what the remainder

of that paragraph says.

THE COURT:

And it says, "and its inhabitants be entered by the acquisition and construction of the capital improvements set forth on the second page of the preliminary report, financing requirements prepared by C. M. Bednar, Staff Consulting Engineer, copy of which has been filed with the Director of Finance."

Okay. Get me the Bednar Report, please, so I can see what they are referring to there.

MR. NORRIS:

It is 29 -- it would

be in the CEI Exhibits, 2124, I think. It is your

two compendium exhibits -- maybe not:

1	MR. WEINER: 2312.
2	` MR. LANSDALE: What did you say?
3	MR. WEINER: 2312.
4	MR. LANSDALE: 2312 is correct, your
5	Honor.
6	THE COURT: All right.
7	As I read this then Mr. Garofoli's testimony
8	will be directed to the issue as to what beyond
9	the Bednar Report Council relied upon in enacting
10	the ordinance.
11 .	That is of course that does not go to the
12	substantive issues of the case.
13	Now, as to these other two gentlemen that you
14	said, instead of one, you say you need two why?
15	MR. NORRIS: Your Honor, we have
16	21 witnesses, and by my count only 8 have been
17	pre-damage period.
18	THE COURT: Pardon?
19	-MR. NORRIS: Only eight of them
20	have had exclusive testimony pre-damage.
21	THE COURT: We have 21 witnesses
22	my goodness. It doesn't seem that long.
23	MR. NORRIS: I do not believe that
24	there has been an overburdening of the
25	pre-damage period testimony.
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1	THE COURT: There certainly has.
2	If you can go back to the record, you will see the
3	great weight of the testimony introduced to this
4	juncture, both on direct and corss of the
5	defendant's witnesses deals primarily with the
6	pre-damage period, and goes to the issue of intent,
7	and I have permitted this testimony in to
8	 characterize any intent, but what I am saying to
9	you is that there is going to have to be a stop
10	to it, and my question to you is, what are these
11	other two gentlemen going to testify to and how
12	is their testimony different from each other, and
13	would you kindly tell me that.
14	MR. NORRIS: Mr. Hjelmfelt will
15	respond.
16	THE COURT: Why can't we use one
17	gentleman?
18	MR. NORRIZ: Mr. Hjelmfelt is
19	going to handle the two witnesses.
20	THE COURT: Approach the bench.
21	
22	{The following proceedings were had at the
23	bench:}
2 4	MR. NORRIS: Your Honor, it seems
25	to me that if this is something that your Honor
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1	wants to inquire into, it ought to be done in
2	camera.
3	This is still an adversary presentation, and
4	for me to stand up and lay out my case to Mr.
5	Lansdale, it doesn't seem to be appropriate.
6	THE COURT: I am not asking for
7	you to lay out your case.
8	MR. NORRIS: You are asking me
9	what are the people going to testify to.
10	THE COURT: Did they testify
11	during the last case? If you want to put them
12	on, one is enough. We have had so much
13	repetitious testimony.
14	We have been going over this last night, and
15	going back over the record, and just between you
16	and me today was a complete wasted day. You got
17	absolutely no probative evidence.
18	We spent more time walking back and forth
19	between the bench. You are wearing out my rug.
20	MR. NORRIS: It is my judgment that
21	PTX-538 is a critical document in the intent
22	evidence, and therefore I respectfully disagree,
23	but if you want Mr. Hjelmfelt to respond
24	MR. HJELMFELT: Mr. Salko and Mr. Titus
25	will testify as to the operation of the load

1	transfer service from the period 1971 to 1975.
2	Mr. Titus was in charge of it from 1971 to
3	'73 .
4	THE COURT: Certainly the fellow
5	is going to testify from 1971 and 1975. He is
6	permitted to testify to that. No problem.
7	MR. HJELMFELT: Both are within the
8	damage period.
9	THE COURT: Okay. I have got no
10	problem.
11	MR. NORRIS: I told you there is
12	only two. I told you there is only two that I
13	am aware of that are still left outside the
14	damage period.
15	THE COURT: I asked you who they
16	were.
17	MR. MURPHY: Does that include
18	CEI employees also?
19	MR. LANSDALE: Our impression is
20	that the number of these witnesses that you
21	called from CEI are devoted to this same sort of
22	stuff.
23	THE COURT: Just so we understand
24	each other. I am talking about limiting the
25	testimony as to the pre-damage period, and I want

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to know how many witnesses you intend to utilize or are thinking about utilizing.

I don't care whose witnesses they are. All I am saying is that we have just been over it so many times.

Well, the additional MR. NORRIS: . . witnesses that we have, there are half a dozen CEI witnesses, and I would have to review each of those to be able to answer your Honor's precise question as to whether or not it is pre- or post-, but there may be some incidentally -like Mr. Dobler, and I don't know what we will find with respect to the benefits to CEI of an interconnection or the aggravation of Muny Light.

That I thought we could get out of Mr. Loshing, but we were not able to. But we are not rehashing the pre-damage period.

THE COURT:

You certainly are.

-We can list, Mr. Norris, and I don't have my notes, the activities that you rely upon as undertaken by CEI to reflect their intent as it may or may not bear upon the antitrust issues.

Now, my question to you is, we have already had about four or five witnesses that have testified to those areas that they undertook, and

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what I am saying to you is, we are not going to have any more witnesses testify to those same areas to reflect that same intent.

That is what I am saying to you.

Now, if there is some new activity that we have not gone into that reflects upon intent during this period. I will be happy to entertain it and listen to what it is without committing myself to permitting it at this juncture.

MR. NORRIS:

One of the other

events that has not been gone into but I intend to

go into it with Mr. Loshing, was in the period of

the Christmas outage, December, 1969, and

January, 1970, and the exhibit that I just asked ---

THE COURT:

I am going to permit

you to conclude with Mr. Loshing. You will be

permitted to conclude your examination as it

concerns him.

I am asking about other witnesses that you will have.

Now, if you can't answer my question now, I am not pressing you. You can look through your notes and find out.

All I am telling you is that you better be selective in your witnesses, and they better

1 contribute something new, otherwise I am going to 2 permit, I am not going to permit any more cumulative 3 testimony as to intent. We are going to get into the meat and potatoes 5 of this case. 6 MR. NORRIS: . If I may put this on the record? 8 Sure, absolutely. THE COURT: 9 I think that the MR. NORRIS: 10 intent issue is one of the most difficult issues Ll that lawyers are required to prove in the trial 12 of lawsuits, because when you are talking about 13 this kind of an issue, it is just common knowledge 14 that defendants don't go around admitting that 15 they have damaged in illegal activities, and 16 therefore you have got to be able to prove **L7** intent through circumstantial evidence and 18 inferences. 19 THE COURT: They haven't had any 20 illegal activities at this juncture. 21. Yes, there have been. MR. WEINER: 22 Mr. Weiner, please, THE COURT: 23 please don't tell me there is any evidence of 24 illegal activities. 25 The violation of MR. NORRIS:

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THE COURT: That is not what

you said.

Section 2.

MR. NORRIS:

· That is what I

intended to say.

THE COURT:

You see; here is

where we constantly have a parting of the ways,

Mr. Norris

The activities which you are attempting to develop may or may not be a violation of the Sherman Antitrust Act.

If they were such flagrant violations of the Antitrust Act, the Court would have to rule as a matter of law that there was a violation of the Antitrust Act.

Now, if the evidence in this case parallels the evidence in the other case, certainly this Court and no Court would rule that as a matter of law these are violations of the Antitrust Act.

Violations of the Antitrust Act are your characterization of the violations of the Antitrust Act are your characterization of the violations of the Antitrust Act, and the jury will determine whether or not they are.

The purpose of previewing the testimony is to

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permit you to develop within the parameters

certain activities which may bear upon predatory

conduct or conduct that is unreasonable and

unfair, and what I am saying to you is, we have

these outlined definitions of conduct that you

characterize as illegal.

Now, what I am saying is, you have already had four or five witnesses testifying to those same illegally characterized activities, and I am saying that is cumulative, and I am not going to permit it any more; that if you have new areas of conduct that you are going to characterize as a violation of the antitrust act. I will consider whether or not it should be permitted in to reflect upon intent, and I don't care whether they are your witnesses or theirs.

I don't care whose witnesses they are.

That is what I am saying, and I don't think that I am being unreasonably restrictive. I don't think I am being restrictive at all.

So, all I am telling you is that tonight I would like to have you reevaluate your witness list, and I don't want any cumulative testimony as to the issues that we already had.

If you want to introduce through any witness

1	a new area of claimed Sherman Antitrust
2	viòlation. I will consider it within that limited
3	parameter.
4	Do you have anything to say, Mr. Lansdale?
5 .	MR. LANSDALE: No. sir.
6	I intended to make a motion along this same
7	line.
8	THE COURT: Along what line?
9	MR. LANSDALE: The same line of
10	trying to stop what I consider the redundant
11	testimony.
12	THE COURT: Well it has gotten
13	to the point
14	MR. WEINER: Your Honor, we have
15	been here you are right 18 days, and over
16	ll days we have had testimony exclusively in the
17 .	damage period, of those lå days, exclusively, and
18	that doesn't take into account some of the
19 .	testimony of the witnesses that go half and half.
20	THE COURT: I am not going to
21	' argue the point with your Mr. Weiner.
22	You are telling me your impression.
23	MR. WEINER: It is not my
24	impression.
2 5 _.	THE COURT: Will you agree that

1 the record speaks for itself* 2 MR. WEINER: All right. Absolutely. 3 Let the record speak THE COURT: for itself. I interpret the record as I see ita 5 and you have interpreted the record as you see it, and that is why we have the Court of Appeals. 7 But you were advised MR. WEINER: 8 by Mr. Norris -- Mr. Norris told you a number of 9 the witnesses that were just after 1971, and I thought you would be interested that it was 11 0 1 11 days after 1971, out of the 18. L 2 All right. Go over THE COURT: L 3 the witness list, and let us know tomorrow where **L** 4 we are going, and I will rule on it when I am L 5 fully advised. 16 Thank you very much gentlemen. L 7 {Court adjourned for the day.} L 8 19 20 21 22 23

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO EASTERN DIVISION

City of Cleveland v. C.E.I., et al.
Civil Action No. C75-560

Transcript

Friday, August 7, 1981

Good Surrey of Pue dannel Perusal andere

KF 228 .C43 1980 FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1981, 10:10 0'CLOCK A.M.

the hearing and presence of the jury.}

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LAW CLERK SCHMITZ: City of Cleveland plaintiff, versus the Cleveland Electric

{The following proceedings were had out of

Illuminating Company, defendant. This is Civil

Action No. C75-560.

THE COURT: Gentlemen, during

the adjournment, the Court has reviewed its

notes and records, and I find that the following

areas of testimony have been covered rather

thoroughly as it relates to the pre-damage

period, and any evidence concerning these

subjects will be cumulative. As a matter of fact,

there is an abundance of evidence on all of these

subject matters:

- L. I'm talking now about the period prior to July L. 1971. CEI's internal planning re
- 2. Continuing surveillance and monitoring of Muny Light.
- 3. The interconnection and as a part of that Muny's desire to interconnect.
 - "{b} The consequences of not having the

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interconnection.

` {c} CEI's 1966 conditioning of the interconnection upon the City's agreement to equalize rates.

The next area of testimony where we have had an abundance of testimony is the load transfer system, and under that we have

- {a} Basic operational features of the load
 transfer system; and
- {b} The relative advantages of a parallel interconnection versus a load transfer system.

The next category that has already been addressed is the pre-1971 condition of MELP and under that we had an abundance of testimony concerning the equipment and the condition of the equipment of MELP.

- {b} The personnel and the moral of the
 personnel; and
 - {c} The financial condition.

The next category is the City's pre-1971 commitment to the existence of MELP.

The next category is CEI's publicly announced opposition to the Painesville-Orville interconnection.

And the last area wherein additional evidence

1	would be cumulative is CEI's effort to acquire	<u>a</u>
2	private industrial generating facilities.	
3	Now, approach the bench, gentlemen.	
4		
5	{The following proceedings were had at the	ne .
6	bench:}	
7	THE COURT: These are the are	eas
8	-that I don't think that we should have any	
9	additional evidence on.	
10	Now: I understand: Mr. Norris: you are	
11	desirous of conferring with the Court in came	ra
12	concerning areas that you would be desirous o	f
13	covering during this pre-statute of limitatio	ns
14	period; is that correct?	
15	MR. NORRIS: Yes, your Honor.	
16	MR. LANSDALE: We have no	
17	objection.	
18	THE COURT: All right; so lo	ng
19	as we don't have an objection.	
20	MR. HJELMFELT: May I have a	
21	'clarifying question?	
22	THE COURT: Certainly.	
23	MR. HJELMFELT: That is only evi	dence
24	with respecting to July 1st?	
25	THE COURT: Absolutely.	

1	MR. HJELMFELT:	If these matters
2	come up after July 1st	
3	THE COURT:	I don't think that is
4	cumulative. I don't know	what context these
5	things are going to come	up during the 1971
6	and thereafter period.	
7	Now, certainly that	is an entirely different
8	subject that we address a	s it evolves during the
9	course of the trial.	
10	MR. NORRIS:	· I need to put a
11	serious matter on the rec	ord.
12	THE COURT:	Sure.
13	MR- NORRIS:	Mr. Lansdale has
14	now produced, pursuant to	the request yesterday,
15	the memorandum of May 15.	1969, that was
16	referenced in the Loshing	memorandum, PTX-538.
17	I have twice been gi	ven representations by
18	counsel for the defendant	that the memorandum
19	referred to in PTX-538 as	s being the comprehensive
20	financial and engineering	g studies upon which Mr.
21	' Loshing based his memorar	ndum were those documents
22	authored by Mr. Moore tha	at had already been
23	delivered to us.	
24	THE COURT:	Wait a minute. Read
25	that.	

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{Record read.}

MR. NORRIS:

I believe there were

PTX-321 and 337.

Now: I am not charging counsel with dereliction. I am simply disadvantaged by the fact that both last fall and this spring: in response to specific requests that we made: that there was an inability on the part of someone to come up with this document: and let us have it: and apparently there was no difficulty coming up with it last night: and I simply cite that as a frustration that the City has had to put up with in this case.

THE COURT:

Let's see it.

{After an interval.}

Are you desirous of responding?

MR. LANSDALE:

Tam. At this

moment I am unaware of the specific requests to
which he referred, number one; and number two,
this is a memorandum in which Mr. Moore depended,
and the statement that counsel just made as to
what he requested does not embrace it; and
number three, and I make this item -- make this
comment with respect to this and a couple of other
items that I would like to mention, that missing

two or three documents out of a production of

two or three million seems to me pretty good, a

pretty good record, and on this very point, your

Honor, all this ring-a-ding yesterday about

the subpoena of Mr. Hauser -- and I looked at

the subpoena, and the subpoena covers two

items; to bring in the memorandum that he is

alleged to have handed some member of the

City Council with respect to the \$9.8 million

bond issue, which is clearly protected

material; and number two, is to identify the

author of the document attached.

Counsel knows because we previously advised them that we have made a diligent search, and we were unable to determine the author of it.

Is that the document?

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MR. NORRIS:

No. That is another one page, a little document concerning legal conclusions, and secondly, the CEI people tell me it doesn't even look like a CEI document, and I represent that our inability to determine an authorship of a couple of documents out of several million seems to be a good record, and I object to putting stuff on the record that we are not cooperating with them in furnishing material

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	they have subpoenaed when they are talking about
•	material like that. It is beyond the pale, and I
	don't know what you are talking about on the
	serious allegations that they bring before you
	and I am going to be very, very difficult to
	get material without your Honor's direct order
	I assure you.
	THE COURT: Let me ask you this.
	Mr. Norris:
	Are you desirous of utilizing this?
•	MR. NORRIS: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Are you desinous of
3	analyzing it?
4	MR - NORRIS: I am -
5 .	THE COURT: How long would it
6	take you?
7	MR. NORRIS: Tonight I will be done.
8	THE COURT: All right; and then
.9	are you desirous of conducting an interrogation?
	MR. NORRIS: Yes.
1	· Mr. Loshing specifically referenced that
2	document in his PTX-538, but if he claims
23	ignorance of it on the witness stand, I want the
24	right to call Mr. Beck or have it put in
2.5	unsponsored.

1 I haven't made a final determination yet. 2 THE COURT: 3 6 is your desire-8 MR. NORRIS: 9 10 11 12 that would also be permitted? 13 THE COURT: 14 15 16 17 18 19 MR. LANSDALE: 20 21 on the record, and I request that. 22 Well, Mr. Lansdale, THE COURT: 23 24

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All right. I will permit you to analyze it, and if you conclude with Mr. Loshing today, I will permit you to recall him after you have had an opportunity of analyzing it and interrogate him on it, if that

Is it also understood that if we feel that following the Dobler deposition tomorrow morning, that we need to recall Mr. Loshing for further testimony, that

Well - certainly I told you that I would permit you to conclude with Mr. Loshing concerning what pre-damage period testimony you are desirous of attempting to elicit; so I will permit you to recall him if there is something material in the Dobler deposition.

I think we better have all requests specifically in writing and

I don't know what you people are doing as between yourselves, whether your requests have or have not been in writing.

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I would suggest and urge a spirit of cooperation among counsel so as to expedite the trial.

I can understand emotion that is evolving here as among counsel, but gentlemen, we are 'still confronted with conducting this trial on a professional basis, and we should not permit personalities to enter into it, and absent a spirit of cooperation, this trial is just going to drag on and on .

If we are going to have a hassle, gentlemen, on every little collateral matter, we will be here until next year.

MR. LANSDALE: That is right.

If counsel keeps insisting that every communication is an effort to conceal something or lie, we are continuing, we will continue having this trouble, and I am tired of being told I am dishonest and that I am concealing material, and I am not going to put up with it.

MR. NORRIS: Mr. Lansdale, it is a fact that I made a specific request last fall and again this spring for the documents that are referenced in Mr. Loshing's memorandum.

Now 1 I have put on the record already that

1 I am not charging you or Mr. Murphy with any 2 dereliction, but I hope you can understand my sense of frustration when I am confronted with this situation. Fellows, I appreciate THE COURT: both of your frustrations, but I don't think either one of you are thinking about the frustrations that you are causing me-MR. NORRIS: May we come back 10 into chambers? THE COURT: Yes. 11 Mr. Norris would you rather do it here, or 13 do you want to do it in chambers? MR. NORRIS: Let me just ask a question. {Mr. Norris and Mr. Weiner conferred off the record.} THE COURT: If you would rather --It doesn't make any MR. NORRIS: difference, where we do it. We just wanted to respond to your-Honor's request and we're ready to respond. If you want to do it at a break, we can do it then, whenever you're ready.

"THE COURT:

Bring in the jury a

unless there are some other matters these
gentlemen are desirous of bringing to my
attention at this time.

{The jury entered the courtroom and the following proceedings were had in their hearing and presence:}

THE COURT: Good morning. Please be seated.

You should be all rested up.

We have been attending to legal matters.

CLEMENT T. LOSHING resumed the stand and testified further as follows:

MR. NORRIS: Mrs. Richards, would you give Mr. Loshing his memorandum, PTX-538, please?

{Exhibit handed to the witness by Mrs. Richards.}

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BY MR. NORRIS:

- Mr. Loshing, at the break or last night, we were discussing your memorandum of June 17, 1969, and am I correct that at the time you wrote that memorandum, you had some concern that the FPC might impose on CEI a mutual standby, pay-only-when-used type of interconnection with Muny Light, is that a correct statement?
- A Yes.
- And you were concerned that this might result in CEI not achieving its MELP objective, is that a correct statement?
- A Yesi because of the burden that would relieve Muny of.
- Isn't it a fact that one of the reasons you felt that
 way was because an FPC-dictated interconnection would
 give Muny Light both reliability and reductions in
 operating expenses, isn't that correct?
- A Not exactly.

That part of it is true.

It was the proper compensation for the value of services that were to be employed by the -- by an interconnection that was our concern.

Q Let me ask you if this paragraph you will acknowledge --

1 Loshing - cross 2 strike that. Addressing your attention to your summary on page 4. 5 Yes, sir. Address your attention to the third paragraph, and ${\tt I}$ would like to repeat my question: 7 - Is it not a fact that an FPC-dictated interconnection might result in CEI's not achieving 9 its MELP objective because such an interconnection 10 11 would give Muny Light both reliability and reductions 12 in operating expenses; is that not correct? 13 Reading the third paragraph, it says: 14 "If the FPC imposed a mutual standby. 15 pay-only-when-used interconnection, or we were 16 otherwise unable to sustain a proper standby charge, MELP would enjoy system reliability" and the others 17 would follow, yes, as a matter of proper compensation." 18 I would like to finish the reading of what you have 19 Q 20 begun. 21 All right. A 22 You stated that: "If the FPC imposed a mutual standby a

"If the FPC imposed a mutual standby,
pay-only-when-used interconnection, or we were'
otherwise unable to sustain a proper standby charge,

Loshing - cross

MELP would enjoy system reliability and also realize substantial reductions in operating expenses. This would deprive us both of the necessary factors, which are presently going for us, in order to achieve our MELP objective," is that correct?

7 A That is correct.

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- And-by avoiding such an interconnection with Muny

 Light or interconnection that was permanent and

 synchronous, you felt that Muny Light would continue

 to have poor system reliability and high operating

 expenses, is that correct?
 - It would have poor reliability and not be relieved of their system unreliability, yes.
- And it would have higher operating expenses as well is that correct?
- 17 A Yes.
- And in your summary on that page, Mr. Loshing, you indicated that there were three courses of action open to the company, is that right?
- 21 A That is correct.
- 22 Q And in these three courses of action that you have identified, you, of course, were only identifying those courses of action that would permit the 'company to achieve its MELP objective, is that not

1 Loshing - cross

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correct?

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Yes.

There were other courses of action that CEI could have followed that would have permitted Muny Light to achieve system reliability and reduced operating expenses, but you did not set forth those courses of action in this memorandum?

7 8

That is correct.

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Please refer to your summary on page 4, and would you kindly indicate what those three courses of action were that you concluded were open to the company?

Avoid an interconnection and then run the risk of

The first course of action was:

2 3

Yes.

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Q

What was the second course of action?

as a competitive threat.

The second course alternative which was being explored was:

an FPC-dictated interconnection, hoping that the

financial and service problems will eliminate MELP

"Take the initiative in establishing an interconnection with proper standby charges, to give them reliability but increase the financial pressure on them," as I indicated earlier that --

1 Loshing - cross 2 That would be a result, wouldn't it? Q Yes. Q What was the third course of act-ion? The third course was: "Make an all-out-effort to purchase the Municipal Light Plant now while the reliability and financial pressures are still present." And the first course of action, of course, is the one 10 that was followed in connection with Muny Light, is 11 that correct? 12 {The witness reading silently.} ₿3 No -14 We -- I'm having trouble with the word "interconnection." 16 Q Well, --The copy here --Let me ask you this. Mr. Loshing: You did not pursue the third course of action to make an all-out effort to purchase MELP; that's correct, isn't it? Yes. A And you did not take the initiative in establishing Q an interconnection; that was the second course of

action?

Loshing - cross

- That's correct.
- And that leaves only one isn't that the first course of action that actually was followed by the company?

{After an interval.}

- No: it was halfway between the first two. Α
- Q Well in what respect?
- We ---

THE COURT: Take your hands away

from your mouth.

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.

- We avoided -- we were not interested in pursuing an A interconnection.
- You actually avoided it didn't you? Q
- Yes.
- All right. What else? Q
- We were before the FPC pursuing our rights to get a proper charge for the services provided by the interconnection.
- You were also before the FPC in response to the City's Q initiative to compel that interconnection, weren't you?
- Yes.
- And part of the proceeding dealt with the proper Q charge -

MR. LANSDALE:

I object to that,

	יקטירה
1	Loshing - cross
2	your Honor.
3	THE COURT: Approach the bench.
4	 ,
5 .	{The following proceedings were had at the
6	bench:}
7	MR. LANSDALE: Counsel knows well
8	- we there wasn't anything before the Federal
9	Power Commission in May, 1979, and if you suggest
0	to the witness that they were before the Federal
L	Power Commission then is totally erroneous.
2	MR. NORRIS: He suggested it to
3 ·	me, Mr. Lansdale.
1	MR. LANSDALE: I beg your pardon?
5	MR. NORRIS: If you will read the
5	testimony, you will hear it.
,	THE COURT: Go back and read
	the testimony.
)	• .
)	{The record was read by the reporter as follows:
L	
2	you did not take the initiative in
· . }	establishing an interconnection; that was the
<u>l</u> `	second course of action?
.	"A That's correct.

"Q And that leaves only one isn't

1	Loshing - cross
2	that the first course of action that actually was
3	follows by the company?
4	"A Noi it was halfway between the
5 .	first two.
6	"Q Well, in what respect?
7	"A We avoided we were not
8	- interested in pursuing an interconnection.
9	"Q You actually avoided it didn't you?
LO	Yes•
L1	"@ All right. What else?
12	"A We were before the FPC pursuing our
13	rights to get a proper charge for the services
14	provided by the interconnection.
15	"Q You were also before the FPC in
16	response to the City's initiative to compel that
17	interconnection, weren't you?
18	"A Yes-
19	"@ And part of the proceeding dealt
20	with the proper charge"}
21	• THE REPORTER: And then Mr. Lansdale
22	objected.
23	MR. LANSDALE: Counsel I don't
24	know what the witness means by that but counsel
2 5	says: You were also before the FPC resisting the

1 Loshing - cross City's pursuit of this interconnection; and counsel knows full well that the City was not -had not done anything before the FPC. THE COURT: Read the whole question. {The record was read by the reporter as ↑ follows: "Q All right. What else? 10 We were before the FPC pursuing our 11 rights to get a proper charge for the services 12 provided by the interconnection. 13 You were also before the FPC in 14 response to the City's initiative to compel that 15 interconnection, weren't you? Yes."} ПΑ 17 MR. LANSDALE: You know that's wrong. In the context of the MR. NORRIS: question, it is not --THE COURT: All right. Let's go back, and I will instruct the jury to disregard it. There was no proceeding pending before the FPC -- what was the date of this? MR. LANSDALE: 1969.

. 1 Loshing - cross 2 MR. NORRIS: May I request, your 3 Honor, that it be done in such a way that it is 4 apparent that the witness's reference -- he said 5 that they were in front of the Federal Power 6 Commission, I didn't start that. 7 MR. LANSDALE: May I comment on that; 8 if your Honor please? 9 THE COURT: Sure. 10 MR. LANSDALE: It is not -- it is 11 for counsel, knowing that the witness has made a 12 mistake as to the date, to try to lead the witness 13 on by suggesting things that he knows to be 14 erroneous. 15 MR. NORRIZ: I was not doing that. 16 MR. LANSDALE: You were doing it. 17 THE COURT: Just a minute. 18 I'll just have Nick read the questions and 19 answers back, and I'll just tell them there was 20 nothing pending. 21 MR. NORRIS: Right. Thank you. 22 {End of bench conference.} 23 24 THE COURT: The count reporter 25 will read the last series of questions.

	
1	Loshing - cross
2	The record was read by the reporter as
3	follows:
4	"@ And you did not take the initiative
5 .	in establishing an interconnection; that was the
6	second course of action?
7	"A That's correct.
8	and that leaves only one isn't
9	that the first course of action that actually
LO	
Ľ1	was followed by the company?
12	"A No. it was halfway between the
	first two.
13	"Q Well, in what respect?
1.4	"A We avoided we were not
ľ5	interested in pursuing an interconnection.
16	You actually avoided ita didn't you?
17	\ "A Yes.
18	"Q All right. What else?
19	"A We were before the FPC pursuing our
20	rights to get a proper charge for the services
21	provided by the interconnection.
22	TQ You were also before the FPC in
" 23	response to the City's initiative to compel that
24	interconnection, weren't you?
25	$\mu \rightarrow -1$
•	"A Yes."}

Loshing - cross Ladies and gentlemen THE COURT: of the jury, you will disregard that testimony since there were no pending proceedings before the Federal Power Commission in 1969. Objection sustained. BY MR. NORRIS: 7 Your reference to being in front of the FPC, Mr. Q Loshing, in an attempt to resolve the charge for the load transfer service didn't occur until after 1972, is that correct? That is correct, yes-MR. NORRIS: Mrs. Richards, would you please give Mr. Loshing PTX-54? {Mrs. Richards complies.} Now, later in 1969, Mr. Loshing, Muny Light's big unit had an outage in the Christmas week; do you recall that? Yes, I do. And Muny Light asked CEI for assistance; you're aware of that, too? Yes. And there were discussions inside the company as to how to respond to Muny Light's request for assistance, is that

correct?

1 Loshing - cross 2 That is correct. And you participated in some of those discussions, is Q that right? 5 Some of those, yes. Q Dan you identify PTX-54, please? 7 Yes. This is a memo from Mr. Bill Bingham to me dated September 29 -- a copy of a memo -- 1969, entitled "MELP Emergency Tie." 10 Now, this memorandum was written, if I'm not mistaken, 11 shortly after the outages shortly after the Mayor had 12 set up a task force and Muny Light had asked CEI for 13 assistance, is that correct? 14 That is the proper time frame, yes. 15 And Mr. Bingham in this memorandum speaks about a 16 meeting held last Friday. 17 Now, the date of the memo being December 29, my 18 calendar tells me that the last Friday must have been 19 the 25th or the day after Christmas, is that accurate, 20 as far as you can recall? 21 Yes. 22 And you met with Mr. Bingham on that date to discuss how 23 CEI should respond to Muny Light's request for 24 assistance, is that right? 25 It appears from this memo, yes.

1		Loshing - cross
2	Q	And can you recall who else was in on that discussion
3		with you and Mr. Bingham?
4	A	Non I cannot.
5		Perhaps Mr. Bingham can.
6	Q	Now, the memorandum states that there were several
· 7		alternatives discussed at the meeting held on the
8		26th I'm looking at the second paragraph, the first
9		sentence.
10		And in addition, Mr. Loshing, to the alternative
11		that Mr. Bingham described in this memorandum, do you
12		have any recollection of any other alternatives that
13		were discussed between you and Mr. Bingham?
14	A	I'm not sure which whether it was a meeting between
15		Mr. Bingham and myself or a meeting if I read the
16		memo here
17	Q	Well, take your time and read the memo.
18		{The witness reading silently.}
19	A	Yes, this was a meeting which explored several
20		alternatives open to us to get relief to the
21		Municipal Light Plant in a timely fashion.
22	Q	Tell me, does your rereading the memorandum help you
23		recall whether it was just you and Mr. Bingham, or
24		were other people present at that meeting?
25	A	I cannot recall.